APPENDIX 3

(Adoption of the 2024-2025 Annual Budget.)



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SHIRE OF UPPER GASCOYNE

ANNUAL STATUTORY BUDGET

FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2025

SHIRE OF UPPER GASCOYNE ANNUAL STATUTORY BUDGET FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2025 CONTENTS PAGE

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SHIRE OF UPPER GASCOYNE STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2025 BY NATURE OR TYPE

| | | Budget 24 / 25 | Actual 23 / 24 | Budget 23 / 24 |
|---|------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Revenue | Note | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Rates | 2(a) | 2,029,060 | 1,717,417 | 1,569,497 |
| Operating Grants, Subsidies and Contributions | 18 | 13,060,455 | 8,145,059 | 11,769,451 |
| Fees and Charges | 5(a) | 46,700 | 50,368 | 33,667 |
| Interest Earnings | 5(b) | 201,320 | 238,552 | 57,000 |
| Other Revenue | 5(c) | 171,889 | 255,477 | 367,679 |
| | | 15,509,424 | 10,406,873 | 13,797,294 |
| Expenses | | | | |
| Employee Costs | | (2,051,440) | (1,253,422) | (1,650,660) |
| Materials and Contracts | | (14,503,211) | (4,097,739) | (13,934,447) |
| Utility Charges | | (230,601) | (198,705) | (217,205) |
| Depreciation on Non-current Assets | 6(a) | (3,883,498) | (3,565,259) | (3,430,570) |
| Finance Cost | 6(b) | (103,188) | (108,858) | (194,284) |
| Insurance Expenses | | (318,989) | (261,963) | (236,284) |
| Other Expenditure | _ | (128,000) | (58,226) | (118,815) |
| | | (21,218,927) | (9,544,172) | (19,782,265) |
| Operating Surplus / (Deficit) | _ | (5,709,503) | 862,701 | (5,984,971) |
| Other Revenue and Expenses | | | | |
| Capital Grants, Subsidies and Contributions | 18 | 8,150,771 | 9,679,389 | 11,263,836 |
| Profit on Disposal of Assets | 7 | 7,012 | 113,431 | 109,057 |
| (Loss) on Disposal of Assets | 7 _ | (25,000) | (7,000) | (4,170) |
| Net Result | | 2,423,280 | 10,648,521 | 5,383,752 |
| Other Comprehensive Income | | | | |
| Changes on Revaluation of Non-current Assets | _ | <u> </u> | | - |
| | | - | - | - |
| Total Comprehensive Income | _ | 2,423,280 | 10,648,521 | 5,383,752 |

This statement needs to be read in conjunction with the accompanying Financial Statements and Notes.

SHIRE OF UPPER GASCOYNE ANNUAL STATUTORY BUDGET FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2025 STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

| | | Budget 24 / 25 | Actual 23 / 24 | Budget 23 / 24 |
|---|------|-------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | Note | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Receipts | | | | |
| Rates | | 2,029,060 | 1,717,417 | 1,569,497 |
| Operating Grants, Subsidies and Contributions | | 13,060,455 | 8,935,271 | 11,769,451 |
| Fees and Charges | | 46,700 | 50,368 | 33,667 |
| Interest Earnings | | 201,320 | 238,552 | 57,000 |
| Other Revenue | | 171,889 | 255,477 | 367,679 |
| | | 15,509,424 | 11,197,085 | 13,797,294 |
| Payments | | | | |
| Employee Costs | | (2,051,440) | (1,253,422) | (1,650,660) |
| Materials and Contracts | | (14,503,211) | (4,570,553) | (13,934,447) |
| Utility Charges | | (230,601) | (198,705) | (217,205) |
| Finance Cost | | (103,188) | (108,858) | (194,284) |
| Insurance Expenses | | (318,989) | (261,963) | (236,284) |
| Other Expenditure | | (128,000) | (58,226) | (118,815) |
| 5 <u></u> | | (17,335,429) | (6,451,727) | (16,351,695) |
| Net Cash provided by / (used in) Operating Activities | | (1,826,005) | 4,745,358 | (2,554,401) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES | | | | |
| Capital Grants, Subsidies and Contributions | 18 | 8,150,771 | 9,679,389 | 11,263,836 |
| Proceeds from Sale of Fixed Assets | 7 | 225,000 | 165,383 | 200,000 |
| Payments for purchase of Land and Buildings | 8(a) | (1,291,000) | (994,512) | (1,057,000) |
| Payments for purchase of Furniture and Equipment | 8(a) | (50,000) | (5,921) | (20,000) |
| Payments for purchase of Plant and Equipment | 8(a) | (960,000) | (815,697) | (848,422) |
| Payments for construction of Infrastructure - Roads | 8(b) | (8,472,352) | (10,262,819) | (11,152,191) |
| Payments for construction of Infrastructure - Footpaths | 8(b) | (150,000) | (. 0, _ 0 _ , 0 . 0) | - |
| Payments for construction of Infrastructure - Other | 8(b) | (1,725,000) | (162,269) | (997,711) |
| Net Cash used in Investing Activities | | (4,272,581) | (2,396,444) | (2,611,488) |
| · | | | | |
| CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | | | |
| Repayment of Long Term Borrowings | 9(a) | (185,426) | (155,279) | (155,279) |
| Proceeds from New Long Term Borrowings | 9(a) | - | 600,000 | 600,000 |
| Principal payments of finance lease payments | 17 | - | - | (6,685) |
| Net cash provided by (used in) Financing Activities | | (185,426) | 444,721 | 438,036 |
| | | | | |
| Net Increase / (Decrease) in Cash Held | | (6,284,012) | 2,793,635 | (4,727,853) |
| Cash at Beginning of Year | | 9,924,383 | 7,130,748 | 7,130,748 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents at the End of the Year | | 3,640,371 | 9,924,383 | 2,402,895 |
| • | | | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |

This statement needs to be read in conjunction with the accompanying Financial Statements and Notes.

| STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITY | | Budget 24 / 25 | Actual 23 / 24 | Budget 23 / 24 |
|--|------|---------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| OPERATING ACTIVITIES | Note | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Net Current Assets at 01 Jul - Surplus / (Deficit) | 12 | 7,209,439 | 4,695,579 | 4,713,630 |
| Revenue from Operating Activities | | | | |
| Operating Grants, Subsidies and Contributions | 18 | 13,060,455 | 8,145,059 | 11,769,451 |
| Fees and Charges | 5(a) | 46,700 | 50,368 | 33,667 |
| Interest Earnings | 5(b) | 201,320 | 238,552 | 57,000 |
| Other Revenue | 5(c) | 171,889 | 255,477 | 367,679 |
| Profit on Disposal of Assets | 7 | 7,012 | 113,431 | 109,057 |
| ' | | 13,487,376 | 8,802,887 | 12,336,854 |
| Expenditure from Operating Activities | | | | |
| Employee Costs | | (2,051,440) | (1,253,422) | (1,650,660) |
| Materials and Contracts | | (14,503,211) | (4,097,739) | (13,934,447) |
| Utility Charges | | (230,601) | (198,705) | (217,205) |
| Depreciation on Non-current Assets | 6(a) | (3,883,498) | (3,565,259) | (3,430,570) |
| Finance Cost | 6(b) | (103,188) | (108,858) | (194,284) |
| Insurance Expenses | () | (318,989) | (261,963) | (236,284) |
| Other Expenditure | | (128,000) | (58,226) | (118,815) |
| Loss on Disposal of Assets | 7 | (25,000) | (7,000) | (4,170) |
| 2000 011 21020001 017 100010 | • | (21,243,927) | (9,551,172) | (19,786,435) |
| Excluded Non-cash Operating Activities | | | | |
| (Profit) / Loss on Disposal of Assets | 7 | 17,988 | (106,431) | (104,887) |
| Movement in Land Held for Resale | | - | - | - |
| Movement in Employee Benefits Provisions | | - | 1,804 | 131 |
| Movement in Fair Value of LG House Trust | | - | - | - |
| Depreciation and Amortisation on Assets | 6(a) | 3,883,498 | 3,565,259 | 3,430,570 |
| Amount Attributable to Operating Activities | | (3,855,065) | 2,712,347 | (4,123,767) |
| INVESTING ACTIVITIES | | | | |
| Inflows from Investing Activities | | | | |
| Capital Grants, Subsidies and Contributions | 18 | 8,150,771 | 9,679,389 | 11,263,836 |
| Proceeds from Disposal of Assets | 7 | 225,000 | 165,383 | 200,000 |
| Proceeds from Disposar of Assets | , | 8,375,771 | 9,844,772 | 11,463,836 |
| Outflows from Investing Activities | | 0,373,771 | 9,044,112 | 11,405,650 |
| Payments for Property, Plant and Equipment Purchases | 9/0) | (0.004.000) | (4.040.400) | (4.005.400) |
| | 8(a) | (2,301,000) | (1,816,129) | (1,925,422) |
| Payments for construction of Infrastructure | 8(b) | (10,347,352) | (10,425,088) | (12,149,902) |
| | | (12,648,352) | (12,241,216) | (14,075,324) |
| Amount Attributable to Investing Activities | | (4,272,581) | (2,396,444) | (2,611,488) |
| FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | | | |
| Inflows from financing activities | | | | |
| Transfers from Reserves (Restricted Assets) | 10 | 101,000 | 349,854 | 91,092 |
| Proceeds from New Long Term Borrowings | 9(b) | 101,000 | 600,000 | 600,000 |
| Less unspent borrowings carried forward | 9(0) | - | (158,896) | 000,000 |
| | | 450.000 | (130,090) | |
| Plus unspent borrowings brought forward | | 158,896_ 259,896 | 790,958 | 691,092 |
| Outflows from financing activities | | 209,090 | 790,936 | 091,092 |
| Outflows from financing activities | ٥/ ١ | (405,400) | (455.070) | (455.070) |
| Repayment of Long Term Borrowings | 9(a) | (185,426) | (155,279) | (155,279) |
| Principal payments of finance lease payments | 17 | | | (6,685) |
| Transfers to Reserves (Restricted Assets) | 10 | (1,185,323) | (155,139) | (77,000) |
| | | (1,370,749) | (310,418) | (238,964) |
| Amount Attributable to Financing Activities | | (1,110,853) | 480,540 | 452,128 |
| Surplus / (Deficit) before General Rates | | (2,029,060) | 5,492,022 | (1,569,497) |
| Total Amount raised from General Rates | 2(a) | 2,029,060 | 1,717,417 | 1,569,497 |
| Net Current Assets at 30 Jun - Surplus / (Deficit) | | 2,023,000 | 7,209,439 | 1,505,451 |
| Ca. rolle record at ou dall - outplace r (bollott) | 12 | | .,200,700 | |

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Basis of Preparation

2024 Actual figures are as at 16 August 2024 and remain subject to audit.

The budget has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (as they apply to local governments and not-for-profit entities) and interpretations of the Australian Accounting Standards Board, and the *Local Government Act 1995* and accompanying regulations.

The *Local Government Act 1995* and accompanying Regulations take precedence over Australian Accounting Standards where they are inconsistent.

The Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996 specify that vested land is a right-of-use asset to be measured at cost. All right-of-use assets (other than vested improvements) under zero cost concessionary leases are measured at zero cost rather than fair value. The exception is vested improvements on concessionary land leases such as roads, buildings or other infrastructure which continue to be reported at fair value, as opposed to the vested land which is measured at zero cost. The measurement of vested improvements at fair value is a departure from AASB 16 which would have required the Shire to measure any vested improvements at zero cost.

Accounting policies which have been adopted in the preparation of this budget have been consistently applied unless stated otherwise. Except for cash flow and rate setting information, the budget has been prepared on the accrual basis and is based on historical costs, modified, where applicable, by the measurement at fair value of selected non-current assets, financial assets and liabilities.

Financial reporting disclosures in relation to assets and liabilities required by the Australian Accounting Standards have not been made unless considered important for the understanding of the budget or required by legislation.

(b) Initial Application of Accounting Standards

During the budget year, the below revised Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations are expected to be compiled, become mandatory and be applicable to its operations.

- AASB 2020-1 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current
- AASB 2022-5 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback
- AASB 2022-6 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards Non-current Liabilities and Covenants.
- AASB 2023-1 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards Supplier Finance Arrangements
- AASB 2023-3 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards Disclosure of Non-current Liabilities with Covenants: Tier 2

It is not expected these standards will have an impact on the annual budget.

• AASB 2022-10 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Fair Value Measurement of Non-Financial Assets of Not-for-Profit Public Sector Entities, became mandatory during the budget year. Amendments to AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement impacts the future determination of fair value when revaluing assets using the cost approach. Timing of future revaluations is defined by regulation 17A of Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996. Impacts of this pronouncement are yet to be quantified and are dependent on the timing of future revaluations of asset classes.

No material impact is expected in relation to the 2024-25 statutory budget.

(c) New Accounting Standards Applicable in Future Years

The following new accounting standards will have application to local government in future years.

- AASB 2014-10 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture
- AASB 2021-7c Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards Effective Date of Amendments to AASB 10 and AASB 128 and Editorial Corrections [deferred AASB 10 and AASB 128 amendments in AASB 2014-10 apply]
- AASB 2022-9 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards Insurance Contracts in the Public Sector
- AASB 2023-5 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards Lack of Exchangeability It is not expected these standards will have an impact on the annual budget.

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(d) The Local Government Reporting Entity

The Australian Accounting Standards define local government as a reporting entity which can be a single entity or a group comprising a parent and all its subsidiaries. All funds controlled by the Shire in order to provide its services have formed part of the following report. Transactions and balances related to these controlled funds, such as transfers to and from reserves, were eliminated during the preparation of the report.

Funds held in Trust, which are controlled but not owned by the Shire, do not form part of the financial statements. Further information on the Shire funds in Trust are provided in Note 13.

(e) Rounding of Amounts

All figures shown in this statement are rounded to the nearest dollar.

(f) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenue, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST), except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO).

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of GST where applicable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included with receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows in the statement of cash flows are included on a gross basis and the GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which is recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is classified as operating cash flows.

(g) Statement of Cashflows

Investing and financing transactions that do not require the use of cash or cash equivalents shall be excluded from a statement of cash flows Such transactions shall be disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements in a way that provides all the relevant information about these investing and financing activities.

(h) Judgements, Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of the annual budget in conformity with Australian Accounting Standards requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that effect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses.

The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances; the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The balances, transactions and disclosures impacted by accounting estimates are as follows:

- · estimated fair value of certain financial assets
- · estimation of fair values of land and buildings and investment property
- impairment of financial assets
- estimation uncertainties and judgements made in relation to lease accounting
- · estimated useful life of assets
- estimation of provisions
- · estimation of fair value of leases.

(i) Comparative Figures

Where required, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation for the current financial year.

(j) Budget Comparative Figures

Unless otherwise stated, the budget comparative figures shown in the budget relate to the original budget estimate for the relevant item of disclosure.

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(k) Current and Non-current Classification

An asset or liability is classified as current if it is expected to be settled within the next 12 months, being the Shire's operational cycle. In the case of liabilities where the Shire does not have the right to defer settlement beyond 12 months, such as vested long service leave, the liability is classified as current even if it is not expected to be settled within the next 12 months. Inventories held for trading are classified as current or non-current based on the Shire's intentions to release for sale.

(I) Superannuation

The Shire contributes to a number of superannuation funds on behalf of employees. All funds to which the Shire contributes are defined contribution plans.

(m) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, cash at bank, deposits available on demand with banks, other short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk or changes in value and bank overdrafts.

Term deposits with an original maturity date of greater than 3 months are classified as financial assets and are not included as cash and cash equivalents.

Bank overdrafts are shown as short term borrowings in current liabilities in Note 12 - Net Current Assets.

Total restricted cash incorporates both cash and cash equivalents and financial assets.

(n) Financial Assets at Amortised Cost

The Shire classifies financial assets at amortised cost if both the following criteria are met:

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cashflows, and
- the contractual terms give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest.

(o) Recognition of Assets

Assets for which the fair value as at the date of acquisition is under \$5,000 are not recognised as an asset in accordance with Financial Management Regulation 17A(5). These assets are expensed immediately.

Where multiple individual low value assets are purchased together as part of a larger asset or collectively forming a larger asset exceeding the threshold, the individual assets are recognised as one asset and capitalised.

(p) Contract Assets

Contract assets primarily relate to the Shire's right to consideration for work completed but not billed at the end of the period.

(q) Trade and Other Receivables

Trade and other receivables include amounts due from ratepayers for unpaid rates and service charges and other amounts due from third parties for goods sold and services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade receivables are recognised initially at the amount of consideration that is unconditional, unless they contain significant financing components, when they are recognised at fair value.

Trade receivables are held with the objective to collect the contractual cashflows and therefore measures them subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Due to the short term nature of current receivables, their carrying amount is considered to be the same as their fair value. Non-current receivables are indexed to inflation, any difference between the face value and fair value is considered immaterial.

The Shire applies the AASB 9 simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses using a lifetime expected credit loss allowance for all trade receivables. To measure the expected credit losses, rates receivable are separated from other trade receivables due to the difference in payment terms and security for rates receivable.

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(r) Inventories

General

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs related to completion and its sale.

Land Held for Resale

Land held for development and sale is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes the cost of acquisition, development, borrowing costs and holding costs until completion of development. Finance costs and holding charges incurred after development is completed are expensed. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss at the time of signing an unconditional contract of sale if significant risks and rewards, and effective control over the land, are passed on to the buyer at this point. Land held for sale is classified as current except where it is held as non-current based on Council's intentions to release for sale.

(s) Fixed Assets

Assets for which the fair value as at the date of acquisition is under \$5,000 are not recognised as an asset in accordance with *Financial Management Regulation 17A(5)*. These assets are expensed immediately.

Where multiple low value assets are purchased together as part of a larger asset or collectively forming a larger asset exceeding the threshold, the individual assets are recognised as one asset and capitalised.

Gains and Losses on Disposal

Gains and loses on disposal are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These gains and losses are included in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

Depreciation of Non-current Assets

The depreciable amount of all fixed assets including buildings but excluding freehold land, are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the individual asset's useful life from the time the asset is held ready for use. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of either the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful life of the improvements.

The assets residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Major depreciation periods used for each class of depreciable asset are:

| Asset | Years |
|--------------------------|-----------------|
| Buildings | 3 to 80 years |
| Furniture and equipment | 1 to 20 years |
| Plant and equipment | 1 to 25 years |
| Other infrastructure | 5 to 50 years |
| Sealed roads and streets | |
| formation | not depreciated |
| pavement | 39 years |
| seal | 20 years |
| Formed subgrade | not depreciated |
| Unformed subgrade | not depreciated |
| Gravel Roads | |
| formation | not depreciated |
| pavement | 28 years |
| Footpaths - slab | 40 years |
| Drainage | 30 - 108 years |
| Bridges | 100 years |
| | |

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(t) Interest in Joint Arrangements

Joint arrangements represent the contractual sharing of control between parties in a business venture where unanimous decisions about relevant activities are required.

Separate joint venture entities providing joint venturers with an interest to net assets are classified as a joint venture and accounted for using the equity method.

Joint venture operations represent arrangements whereby joint operators maintain direct interests in each asset and exposure to each liability of the arrangement. The Shire's interest in the assets liabilities revenue and expenses of joint operations are include in the respective lines items of the financial statements.

(u) Trade and Other Payables

Trade and other payables are unpaid current liabilities owed for goods and services provided to the Council prior to the end of the financial year and arise when the Shire becomes obliged to make future payments in respect of these goods and services. The amounts are unsecured are recognised as a current liability and are normally paid within 30 days of recognition. The carrying amounts of trade and other payables are considered to be the same as their fair values, due to their short-term nature.

(v) Prepaid Rates

Prepaid rates are, until the taxable event has occurred (start of the next financial year), refundable at the request of the ratepayer. Rates received in advance are initially recognised as a financial liability. When the taxable event occurs, the financial liability is extinguished and the Shire recognises revenue for the prepaid rates that have not been refunded.

(w) Employee Benefits

Short-term employee benefits

Provision is made for the Shire's obligations for short-term employee benefits. Short term employee benefits are benefits (other than termination benefits) that are expected to be settled wholly before 12 months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employees render the related service, including wages, salaries and sick leave. Short-term employee benefits are measured at the (undiscounted) amounts expected to be paid when the obligation is settled.

The Shire's obligations for short-term employee benefits such as wages, salaries and sick leave are recognised as part of current trade and other payables in the determination of the net current asset position. The Shire's obligations for employees' annual leave and long service leave entitlements are recognised as provisions in the determination of the net current asset position.

Other long-term employee benefits

Long-term employee benefits provisions are measured at the present value of the expected future payments to be made to employees. Expected future payments incorporate anticipated future wage and salary levels, durations of service and employee departures and are discounted at rates determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds that have maturity dates that approximate the terms of the obligations. Any remeasurements for changes in assumptions of obligations for other long-term employee benefits are recognised in profit or loss in the periods in which the changes occur.

The Shire's obligations for long-term employee benefits are presented as non-current provisions in its statement of financial position, except where the Shire does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period in which case the obligations are presented as current provisions.

(x) Contract Liabilities

Contract liabilities represent the Shire's obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Shire has received consideration from the customer. Contract liabilities represent obligations which are not yet satisfied. Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the performance obligations in the contract are satisfied.

(y) Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs are recognised as an expense when incurred except where they are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset. Where this is the case, they are capitalised as part of the cost of the particular asset until such time as the asset is substantially ready for its intended use or sale.

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(z) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Shire has a present legal or constructive obligation, as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will result and that outflow can be reliably measured.

Provisions are measured using the best estimate of the amounts required to settle the obligation at the end of the reporting period.

(aa) Leases

At the inception of a contract, the Shire assesses whether the contract is or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

At the commencement date, a right-of-use asset is recognised at cost and a lease liability at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at that date. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the Shire uses its incremental borrowing rate.

(ab) Lease Liabilities

The present value of future lease payments not paid at the reporting date discounted using the incremental borrowing rate where the implicit interest rate in the lease is not readily determined.

(ac) Nature or Type Classifications

Rates

All rates levied under the *Local Government Act 1995*. Includes general, differential, specific area rates, minimum rates, interim rates, back rates, ex-gratia rates, less discounts and concessions offered. Exclude administration fees, interest on instalments, interest on arrears and service charges and sewerage rates.

Operating Grants, Subsidies and Contributions

All amounts received as grants, subsidies and contributions that are not capital grants.

Capital Grants, Subsidies and Contributions

Amounts received specifically for the acquisition, construction of new or the upgrading of non-current assets paid to a local government, irrespective of whether these amounts are received as capital grants, subsidies, contributions or donations.

Revenue from Contracts with Customers

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when the local government satisfies its performance obligations under the contract.

Profit on Asset Disposal

Profit on the disposal of assets including gains on the disposal of long term investments. Losses are disclosed under the expenditure classifications.

Fees and Charges

Revenues (other than service charges) from the use of facilities and charges made for local government services, sewerage rates, rentals, hire charges, fee for service, photocopying charges, licences, sale of goods or information, fines, penalties and administration fees.

Service Charges

Service charges imposed under *Division 6 of Part 6 of the Local Government Act 1995*. Regulation 54 of the *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996* identifies these as television and radio broadcasting, underground electricity and neighbourhood surveillance services. Exclude rubbish removal charges. Interest and other items of a similar nature received from bank and investment accounts, interest on rate instalments, interest on rate arrears and interest on debtors.

Interest Earnings

Interest and other items of a similar nature received from bank and investment accounts, interest on rate instalments, interest on rate arrears and interest on debtors.

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(ac) Nature or Type Classifications (Continued)

Other Revenue / Income

Other revenue, which can not be classified under the above headings, includes dividends, discounts, rebates etc.

Employee Costs

All costs associate with the employment of person such as salaries, wages, allowances, benefits such as vehicle and housing, superannuation, employment expenses, removal expenses, relocation expenses, worker's compensation insurance, training costs, conferences, safety expenses, medical examinations, fringe benefit tax, etc.

Materials and Contracts

All expenditures on materials, supplies and contracts not classified under other headings. These include supply of goods and materials, legal expenses, consultancy, maintenance agreements, communication expenses, advertising expenses, membership, periodicals, publications, hire expenses, rental, leases, postage and freight etc.

Utilities (Gas, Electricity, Water, etc.)

Expenditures made to the respective agencies for the provision of power, gas, water and communication expenses. Exclude expenditures incurred for the reinstatement of roadwork on behalf of these agencies.

Insurance

All insurance other than worker's compensation and health benefit insurance included as a cost of employment.

Loss on Asset Disposal

Loss on the disposal of fixed assets.

Depreciation on Non-current Assets

Depreciation and amortisation expense raised on all classes of assets.

Finance Cost

Interest and other costs of finance paid, including costs of finance for loan debentures, overdraft accommodation and refinancing expenses.

Other Expenditure

Statutory fees, taxes, provision for bad debts, member's fees or levies including DFES levy and State taxes. Donations and subsidies made to community groups.

(ad) Program Classifications (Function / Activity)

Council operations as disclosed in these financial statements encompass the following service orientated activities/programs.

GOVERNANCE

Includes the activities of members of council and the administrative support available to the council for the provision of governance of the district. Other costs relate to the task of assisting elected members and ratepayers on matters which do not concern specific council services.

GENERAL PURPOSE FUNDING

Rates, general purpose government grants and interest revenue.

LAW, ORDER AND PUBLIC SAFETY

Supervision and enforcement of various local laws relating to fire prevention, animal control and other aspects of public safety including emergency services.

HEALTH

Control of the quality of food and water. Environmental Health Officer twice per year.

EDUCATION AND WELFARE

Provide a range of appropriate services via the Community Resource Centre.

HOUSING

Provide housing for staff.

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(ad) Program Classifications (Function / Activity) (Continued)

COMMUNITY AMENITIES

Rubbish collection services, operation of rubbish disposal sites, litter control, protection of the environment and administration of town planning schemes, cemetery and public conveniences.

RECREATION AND CULTURE

Maintenance of public use buildings and areas including various sporting facilities. Provision and maintenance of parks, gardens, and playgrounds. Operation of library, museum and other cultural facilities.

TRANSPORT

Construction and maintenance of roads, streets, footpaths, depots, cycle ways, parking facilities and traffic control. Cleaning of streets and maintenance of street trees, street lighting etc.

ECONOMIC SERVICES

Tourism and area promotion. Building Control.

OTHER PROPERTY AND SERVICES

Private works operation, plant repair and operation costs and engineering operation costs.

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Recognition of revenue is dependant on the source of revenue and the associated terms and conditions associated with each source of revenue and recognised as follows:

| Revenue Category Rates | Nature of goods and services General Rates | When obligations typically satisfied Over time | Payment terms Payment dates adopted by Council during the year | Returns / Refunds / Warranties None | Revenue recognition When rates notice is issued |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| Grant contracts with customers | Community events, minor facilities, research, design, planning evaluation and services | Over time | Fixed terms transfer of funds based on agreed milestones and reporting | Contract obligation if project not complete | Output method based on project milestones and/or completion date matched to performance obligations as inputs are shared |
| Grants, subsidies or contributions for the construction of non-financial assets | Construction or acquisition of recognisable non-financial assets to be controlled by the local government | Over time | Fixed terms transfer of funds based on agreed milestones and reporting | Contract obligation if project not complete | Output method based on project milestones and/or completion date matched to performance obligations as inputs are shared |
| Grants with no contract commitments | General appropriations and contributions with no reciprocal commitment | No obligations | Not applicable | Not applicable | When assets are controlled |
| Licences/ Registrations/ Approvals | Building, planning, development and animal management, having the same nature as a licence regardless of naming | Single point in time | Full payment prior to issue | None | On payment and issue of the licence, registration or approval |

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Recognition of revenue is dependant on the source of revenue and the associated terms and conditions associated with each source of revenue and recognised as follows:

| Revenue Category Other inspections | Nature of goods and services Regulatory Food, Health and | When obligations satisfied Single point in | Payment terms Full payment prior | Returns / Refunds / Warranties None | Revenue recognition Revenue recognised after inspection event |
|---|---|--|--|---|---|
| , | Safety | time | to inspection | | occurs |
| Waste management collections | Kerbside collection service | Over time | Payment on an annual basis in advance | None | Output method based on regular weekly and fortnightly period as proportionate to collection service |
| Waste management entry fees | Waste treatment, recycling and disposal service at disposal sites | Single point in time | Payment in advance at gate or on normal trading terms if credit provided | None | On entry to facility |
| Property hire and entry | Use of halls and facilities | Single point in time | In full in advance | Refund if event cancelled within 7 days | On entry or at conclusion of hire |
| Fees and charges for other goods and services | Cemetery services, library fees, reinstatements and private works | Single point in time | Payment in full in advance | None | Output method based on provision of service or completion of works |

2. RATE REVENUE

The following are the proposed Differential General Rates and Minimum Payments for the Shire of Upper Gascoyne for the 24/25 financial year.

(a) General Rates

| Rate Type | Rateable Value | Valuation | Number of Properties | Budget 24 / 25 | Actual 23 / 24 | Budget 23 / 24 |
|---------------|-------------------|-----------|-------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | \$ | \$ | # | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| GRV Town | 120,698 | 0.110880 | 13 | 13,383 | 12,964 | 12,674 |
| UV Rural | 1,633,878 | 0.090000 | 25 | 147,049 | 148,092 | 147,642 |
| UV Mining | 4,574,858 | 0.330000 | 167 | 1,509,703 | 1,457,719 | 1,308,331 |
| Total General | 6,329,433 | | 205 | 1,670,135 | 1,618,775 | 1,468,647 |

Minimum Rates

| Rate Type | Rateable Value | Minimum | Number of Properties | 24 / 25 | Actual 23 / 24 | 23 / 24 |
|---------------------------|-------------------|---------|-------------------------|-----------|----------------|-----------|
| | \$ | \$ | # | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| GRV Town | 27,117 | 525 | 13 | 6,825 | 6,500 | 6,000 |
| UV Rural | 33,908 | 1,600 | 13 | 20,800 | 10,800 | 10,800 |
| UV Mining | 462,719 | 2,200 | 150 | 330,000 | 75,050 | 75,050 |
| Total Minimum | 523,745 | | 176 | 357,625 | 92,350 | 91,850 |
| Total General and Minimum | 6,853,178 | | 381 | 2,027,760 | 1,711,125 | 1,560,497 |

Other Rate Revenue

| (5,000) | (8) | (5,000) |
|-----------|-----------|-------------|
| | | 11,000 |
| 6,300 | 6,300 | 3,000 |
| 2,029,060 | 1,717,417 | 1,569,497 |
| | 6,300 | 6,300 6,300 |

(b) Interest Charges and Instalments

| | 24 / 25 | 23 / 24 | 23 / 24 |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|
| Source of Revenue | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Interest on Unpaid Rates | 6,000 | 16,979 | 3,000 |
| Interest on Instalments Plan | 5,320 | 5,317 | 1,000 |
| Total Interest | 11,320 | 22,296 | 4,000 |
| Administration Charges Total Charges | 1,200 12,520 | 1,200 23,496 | 1,000 5,000 |
| i otal ollalgoo | 12,020 | _5,+00 | 0,000 |

Budget

| | Instalment Dates | Admin Charge | Instalment Plan | Unpaid Rates | |
|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------|--------------------|-----------------|--|
| | 24 / 25 | \$ | % | % | |
| First Due Date | 11 Oct 2024 | 0.00 | 5.50% | 11.0% | |
| Second Instalment | 13 Dec 2024 | 5.00 | 5.50% | 11.0% | |
| Third Instalment | 14 Feb 2025 | 5.00 | 5.50% | 11.0% | |
| Fourth Instalment | 11 Apr 2025 | 5.00 | 5.50% | 11.0% | |

Budget

Actual

2. RATE REVENUE (Continued)

(c) Objectives and Reasons for Differential Rating

In accordance with Section 6.36 of the Local Government Act 1995, the Shire of Upper Gascoyne is required to publish its Objects and Reasons for implementing Differential Rates.

The objective of Council's rates is to collect revenue on an equitable basis in order that services to ratepayers can be provided throughout the Shire. The rates are raised to achieve a balanced budget. Property valuations provided by the Valuer General are used as the basis for the calculation of rates each year. Section 6.33 of the Local Government Act 1995 provides the ability to differentially rate properties based on zoning and/or land use as determined by the Shire of Upper Gascoyne. The application of differential rating maintains equity in the rating of properties across the Shire, enabling the Council to provide facilities, infrastructure and services to the entire community and visitors.

Council has considered the Key Values contained within the Rating Policy Differential Rates (s.6.33) March 2016 released by the Department of Local Government, Sport and Cultural Industries, being:

- (a) Objectivity
- (b) Fairness and Equity
- (c) Consistency
- (d) Transparency and Administrative Efficiency

A copy of the policy can be obtained from

https://www.dlgsc.wa.gov.au/resources/publications/Pages/ViewPublication.aspx?DocID=558

Council strive to deliver on the objectives of its long term strategic plans. A big part of achieving these goals is consistency and efficiencies. We are committed to ensuring our community is sustainable going into the future and that we can continue to deliver quality services and infrastructure to our community.

This year's budget has taken a longer term view as to the ongoing sustainability of the Shire, rising costs attributable inflation in the first instance, material costs associated with Heritage Surveys and Monitors; legal costs associated with Heritage issues, two additional staff members; providing staff housing; renovation of the Administration Building to remove asbestos and increase office space; supply line issues; the employment market; availability of contractors; increased cost of flood damage claims; increased costs associated with legislative compliance and triple the usage of our roads by the Mining sector and to a smaller degree increased usage by Tourists.

Based on current calculations the proposed rating for the 24/25 period will deliver \$2,027,759. Council has reviewed its expenditure and considered efficiency measures as part of its budget deliberations that will assist in managing the overall budget. In particular the following actions have been undertaken:

- Continuation of a 10/4 with an 11 hour per day work roster for the Road crews to reduce mobilisation costs. The Shire is exploring a 14/7 day roster for outside crew as this may assist with retention and attraction of staff.
- Provide onsite mobile accommodation for the outside crew, reducing lost productive time associated with travelling.
- Strategically placed fuel storage depots throughout the Shire so the outside crew do not have to wait for fuel supplies.
- Have established a further 32 bores and additional borrow pits to reduce the cartage distance to works and hence improve productivity.
- Continuation of camping out on jobs for Road crews when more than 50km from town to reduce time spent traveling to jobs and increase the time spent working on the roads.
- A continued focus by officers in leveraging council resources to attract grant funding.
- Multi skilling of all employees.
- Continued training of employees to improve their knowledge and productivity.
- Purchase modern equipment that is designed to do the job, reducing down time and reduce maintenance costs.
- Resource sharing where possible.
- Operating with an extremely small workforce 17FTE's
- Working directly with the various sectors Mining / Pastoral to find collaborative ways to manage our assets by hosting sector specific forums.
- Ensuring that the Shire is maximising its Financial Assistance Grant by keeping all possible cost adjustors up to date.

2. RATE REVENUE (Continued)

(d) Differential General Rates

The Local Government Act 1995 determines that properties of a Non-Rural purpose be rated using the Gross Rental Valuation (GRV) as the basis for the calculation of annual rates. The Valuer General determines the GRV for all properties within the Shire of Upper Gascoyne every three years and assigns a GRV. The current valuation is effective from 1 July 2022. Interim valuations are provided monthly to Council by the Valuer General for properties where changes have occurred (i.e. subdivisions or strata title of property, amalgamations, building constructions, demolition, additions and/or property rezoning etc). In such instances Council recalculates the rates for the affected properties and issues interim rates notices.

GRV - General

Consists of properties predominately located within the Gascoyne Junction townsite boundaries with a predominant residential use and is valued by the Valuer General on a GRV basis. This category is considered by Council to be the base rate by which all other GRV rated properties are assessed. The properties were last assessed on the Valuer General on 1 July 2024. The rate reflects an adequate contribution to the rate burden on the Shire to deliver services, carry out maintenance of public facilities and infrastructure and to meet the objectives as set out in the Strategic Community Plan and other statutory requirements.

Minimum Rates - GRV General

The setting of minimum rates within rating categories is an important method of ensuring that all properties contribute an equitable rate amount. A minimum rate of \$525 has been set for the GRV-General category. The minimum rate reflects an adequate contribution to the rate burden on the Shire to deliver services, carry out maintenance of public facilities and infrastructure and to meet the objectives as set out in the Strategic Community Plan and other statutory requirements.

The minimum rate for the GRV-General category is set to ensure that less than 50% of the properties in this category are on the minimum rate to ensure compliance with Section 6.35 of the Local Government Act 1995.

GRV - Transient Workforce Accommodation

This incorporates all mass accommodation facilities provided for a workforce that is not permanently located within the district.

To ensure rates are distributed equitably across property used for residential and non-residential workers. Temporary workers are consumers of Shire services but unless they are also property owners within the Shire, are not contributing to the cost of services which they use. Mass accommodation properties have the potential to have a greater impact on Shire services and assets than other property types due to their number of occupants in a relatively small land parcel.

Although this category is included there is legal debate as to whether Transient Workforce Accommodation that is situated on a Miscellaneous Mining License is rateable. The State Administrative Tribunal has ruled that Miscellaneous Mining Licenses are not rateable, however; this ruling is being challenged in the Supreme Court and if the ruling provides that Miscellaneous Mining Licenses can be rated then the Shire are in position to levy a rate given we have permission from the Department of Local Government.

(e) Unimproved Value (UV)

Properties that are predominantly of a rural purpose are assigned an Unimproved Value that is supplied and updated by the Valuer General on an annual basis from 1 July of the current year. The rate in the dollar set for the UV-Rural category forms the basis for calculating all other UV differential rates

UV - Rural (The base rate for Unimproved Value)

Consists of properties that are exclusively for pastoral/rural use and is considered to be the base rate by which all other UV rated properties are assessed.

This category has been rated to reflect an adequate contribution on the maintenance and renewal of the Shires extensive 1900km road network, and other associated transport infrastructure required to support the ongoing sustainability of the Shire's road network. These properties have access to all other services and facilities provided by the Shire.

2. RATE REVENUE (Continued) Minimum Rates - UV Rural

The setting of minimum rates within rating categories is an important method of ensuring that all properties contribute an equitable rate amount. A minimum rate of \$1,600 has been set for the UV-Rural category.

The proposed minimum payment reflects an adequate contribution on the maintenance and renewal of the Shires extensive 1900km road network, and to provide other services such as Biosecurity, inclusive of Wild Dog Control. These properties have access to all other services and facilities provided by Council.

The minimum rate for the UV-Rural category is set to ensure that less than 50% of the properties in this category are on the minimum rate to ensure compliance with Section 6.35 of the *Local Government Act 1995*.

UV - Mining

This category covers all Mining Leases, Exploration Licences, Prospecting Licences, Retention Licences, General Purpose Leases, Special Prospecting Leases for Gold and Miscellaneous Licences as defined under the Mining Act 1978.

Consists of properties that are used for mining, exploration or prospecting purposes. The Unimproved Value is supplied and updated by the Valuer General on both an annual basis from 1 July and a monthly basis thereafter for new tenement grants, deaths and other changes.

The reasons for this category is to reflect the impact on utilisation of rural infrastructure (comparative to Rural) by heavy transport and associated higher traffic volumes and heavy equipment on the shires extensive 1900km road network. The larger scale equipment, frequency of movement, size and operations of mining result in the shires road network requiring additional on-going maintenance and renewal to service these users. Further, these properties have access to all other services and facilities provided by Council.

Minimum Rates - UV Mining

The setting of minimum rates within rating categories is an important method of ensuring that all properties contribute an equitable rate amount. A minimum rate of \$2,200 has been set for the UV-Mining category.

The reasons for this category is to reflect the impact on utilisation of rural infrastructure (comparative to Rural) by heavy transport and associated higher traffic volumes and heavy equipment on the shires extensive 1900km road network. The larger scale equipment and operations of mining result in the shires road network requiring additional on-going maintenance and renewal to service these users. Further, these properties have access to all other services and facilities provided by Council.

The minimum rate for the UV-Mining category is set to ensure that less than 50% of the properties in this category are on the minimum rate to ensure compliance with Section 6.35 of the Local Government Act 1995.

(f) Rate Payment Discounts, Waivers and Concessions

No Discounts, Waivers or Concessions in relation to Rates are proposed for 2024/25

3. SPECIFIED AREA RATE

No Specified Area Rates will be levied in the 2024/25 financial year

4. SERVICE CHARGES

No Service Charges will be imposed in the 2024/25 financial year

5. OPERATING REVENUE

| (a) Fees and Charges | Budget 24 / 25 | Actual 23 / 24 | Budget 23 / 24 |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Program | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Governance | 1,000 | 4,902 | 1,000 |
| General Purpose Funding | - | 50 | - |
| Law, Order, Public Safety | 10,100 | 10,647 | 9,307 |
| Health | 500 | 650 | 1,250 |
| Education and Welfare | 5,500 | 109 | - |
| Community Amenities | 11,850 | 6,320 | 5,760 |
| Recreation and Culture | 16,250 | 22,681 | 14,600 |
| Economic Services | 1,500 | 5,009 | 1,500 |
| Other Property and Services | - | - | 250 |
| Total Fees and Charges | 46,700 | 50.368 | 33,667 |

| (b) Interest Earnings | Budget 24 / 25 | Actual 23 / 24 | Budget 23 / 24 |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Source of Revenue | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Interest on Reserves | 40,000 | 49,286 | 3,000 |
| Other Funds | 150,000 | 166,969 | 50,000 |
| Other Interest Revenue (Refer to Note 2(b)) | 11,320 | 22,296 | 4,000 |
| Total Interest Earnings | 201,320 | 238,552 | 57,000 |

| (c) Other Revenue | Budget 24 / 25 | Actual 23 / 24 | Budget 23 / 24 |
|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Source of Revenue | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Reimbursements | - | 1,137 | 115,000 |
| Other Revenue | 171,889 | 254,340 | 252,679 |
| Total Other Revenue | 171,889 | 255,477 | 367,679 |

6. OPERATING EXPENSES

| (a) | Depreciation | Budget 24 / 25 | Actual 23 / 24 | Budget 23 / 24 |
|-----|-----------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | By Program | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| | Governance | 36,500 | 33,053 | 36,500 |
| | General Purpose Funding | - | = | - |
| | Law, Order, Public Safety | 25,656 | 23,496 | 24,464 |
| | Health | - | - | - |
| | Education and Welfare | 7,912 | 7,271 | 8,700 |
| | Housing | 23,745 | 21,813 | 19,600 |
| | Community Amenities | 9,940 | 7,191 | 1,947 |
| | Recreation and Culture | 205,950 | 189,210 | 105,000 |
| | Transport | 2,864,125 | 2,632,305 | 2,657,300 |
| | Economic Services | 178,280 | 163,718 | 231,200 |
| | Other Property and Services | 531,390 | 487,201 | 345,859 |
| | Total Depreciation by Program | 3.883.498 | 3.565.259 | 3.430.570 |
| | By Class | | | |
| | Land and Buildings | 152,337 | 139,768 | 286,100 |
| | Furniture and Equipment | 9,190 | 8,171 | 19,100 |
| | Plant and Equipment | 536,220 | 491,627 | 356,206 |
| | Roads | 2,634,355 | 2,421,146 | 2,545,400 |
| | Other Infrastructure | 551,396 | 504,546 | 223,764 |
| | Total Depreciation by Class | 3.883.498 | 3.565.259 | 3.430.570 |
| | | | | |
| (b) | Interest Expenses (Finance Costs) | Budget 24 / 25 | Actual 23 / 24 | Budget 23 / 24 |
| | Loan Description | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| | Borrowings (Refer to Note 9) | 53,188 | 45,919 | 44,284 |
| | | | | |

| (b) Interest Expenses (Finance Costs) | Budget 24 / 25 | Actual 23 / 24 | Budget 23 / 24 |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Loan Description | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Borrowings (Refer to Note 9) | 53,188 | 45,919 | 44,284 |
| Overdraft | 50,000 | 62,939 | 150,000 |
| Lease Liability | - | · - | - |
| Total Finance Cost | 103.188 | 108.858 | 194.284 |

| (c) Auditor Remuneration | Budget 24 / 25 | Actual 23 / 24 | Budget 23 / 24 |
|--------------------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| Service Provided | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Audit Services | 51,000 | 50,900 | 48,000 |
| Total Auditing Expense | 51.000 | 50.900 | 48.000 |

6. OPERATING EXPENSES (Cont)

| Elected Members Remuneration | Budget 24 / 25 | Actual 23 / 24 | Budget 23 / 24 |
|--|---------------------------|--|---|
| Fees, Expenses and Allowances Paid | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Cr. James Caunt President's annual allowance | 21,710 | 20,875 | _ |
| Deputy President's annual allowance | , | | 5,21 |
| Meeting attendance fees | 21,138 | 20,325 | 9,89 |
| Other expenses | | · - | 28 |
| Annual allowance for ICT expenses | 3,500 | 3,500 | 3,50 |
| Travel and accommodation expenses | - | 652 | 4,28 |
| Annual allowance for travel and accommodation expenses | 46 240 | 45 252 | 3,00 |
| Cr. Vacancy | 46,348 | 45,352 | 26,18 |
| President's annual allowance | - | - | 20,87 |
| Meeting attendance fees | = | = | 20,32 |
| Other expenses | - | - | 28 |
| Annual allowance for ICT expenses | - | - | 3,50 |
| Travel and accommodation expenses | - | - | 4,28 |
| Annual allowance for travel and accommodation expenses | - - | - - | 3,00 52,27 |
| Cr. Hamish McTaggart | _ | - | 32,21 |
| Deputy President's annual allowance | 5,219 | 3,914 | - |
| Meeting attendance fees | 10,286 | 9,890 | 9,89 |
| Other expenses | | | 28 |
| Annual allowance for ICT expenses | 3,500 | 3,500 | 3,50 |
| Travel and accommodation expenses | - | 145 | 4,28 |
| Annual allowance for travel and accommodation expenses _ | | <u> </u> | 3,00 |
| | 19,005 | 17,449 | 20,96 |
| Cr. Blanche Walker | | | |
| Meeting attendance fees | 10,286 | 9,890 | 9,89 |
| Other expenses | - | - 0.500 | 28 |
| Annual allowance for ICT expenses | 3,500 | 3,500 | 3,50 |
| Travel and accommodation expenses | - | - | 4,28 3,00 |
| Annual allowance for travel and accommodation expenses | 13,786 | 13,390 | 20,96 |
| Cr. Peter Windie | 13,700 | 13,330 | 20,90 |
| Meeting attendance fees | 10,286 | 7,418 | |
| Annual allowance for ICT expenses | 3,500 | 2,625 | |
| _ | 13,786 | 10,043 | |
| Cr. Will Baston | | | |
| Meeting attendance fees | 10,286 | 7,418 | - |
| Annual allowance for ICT expenses | 3,500 | 2,625 | |
| Travel and accommodation expenses | 40.700 | 57 | • |
| Cr. Gregory Watters | 13,786 | 10,100 | , |
| Meeting attendance fees | _ | 2,473 | 9,89 |
| Other expenses | - | -, | 28 |
| Annual allowance for ICT expenses | - | 875 | 3,50 |
| Travel and accommodation expenses | - | 1,839 | 4,28 |
| Annual allowance for travel and accommodation expenses | - | - | 3,00 |
| · <u> </u> | - | 5,186 | 20,96 |
| Cr. Raymond Hoseason-Smith | | | |
| Meeting attendance fees | 10,286 | 9,890 | 9,89 |
| Other expenses | = | = | 28 |
| Annual allowance for ICT expenses | 3,500 | 3,500 | 3,50 |
| Travel and accommodation expenses | - | 1,354 | 4,28 |
| Annual allowance for travel and accommodation expenses | 40.700 | | 3,00 |
| Cr. Leane Alys McKeough | 13,786 | 14,744 | 20,96 |
| Meeting attendance fees | 10,286 | 9,890 | 9,89 |
| Other expenses | 10,200 | 9,090 | 28 |
| Annual allowance for ICT expenses | 3,500 | 3,500 | 3,50 |
| Travel and accommodation expenses | - | 828 | 4,28 |
| Travel and accommission expenses | | - | 3,00 |
| Annual allowance for travel and accommodation expenses | 40 700 | 14,218 | 20,96 |
| Annual allowance for travel and accommodation expenses | 13,786 | | • |
| Annual allowance for travel and accommodation expenses _ | 13,786 | | |
| Annual allowance for travel and accommodation expenses | 134,283 | 130,481 | 183,25 |
| Annual allowance for travel and accommodation expenses | | 130,481 | 183,25 |
| Fees, expenses and allowances to be paid or reimbursed to elected council members. | | 130,481 | 183,25 |
| Fees, expenses and allowances to be paid or reimbursed to elected council members. President's allowance | 134,283 21,710 | 130,481 20,875 | - |
| Fees, expenses and allowances to be paid or reimbursed to elected council members. President's allowance Deputy President's allowance | 21,710 5,219 | 20,875 3,914 | 20,87 5,2 |
| Fees, expenses and allowances to be paid or reimbursed to elected council members. President's allowance Deputy President's allowance Meeting attendance fees | 134,283 21,710 | 20,875 | 20,87 5,2 |
| Fees, expenses and allowances to be paid or reimbursed to elected council members. President's allowance Deputy President's allowance Meeting attendance fees Other expenses | 21,710 5,219 82,854 | 20,875 3,914 77,193 | 20,87 5,21 79,66 2,00 |
| Fees, expenses and allowances to be paid or reimbursed to elected council members. President's allowance Deputy President's allowance Meeting attendance fees Other expenses Annual allowance for ICT expenses | 21,710 5,219 | 20,875 3,914 77,193 - 23,625 | 20,87 5,21 79,66 2,00 24,50 |
| Fees, expenses and allowances to be paid or reimbursed to elected council members. President's allowance Deputy President's allowance Meeting attendance fees Other expenses Annual allowance for ICT expenses Travel and accommodation expenses | 21,710 5,219 82,854 | 20,875 3,914 77,193 | 20,87 5,21 79,66 2,00 24,50 30,00 |
| Fees, expenses and allowances to be paid or reimbursed to elected council members. President's allowance Deputy President's allowance Meeting attendance fees Other expenses Annual allowance for ICT expenses | 21,710 5,219 82,854 | 20,875 3,914 77,193 - 23,625 | 20,87 5,21 79,66 2,00 24,50 30,00 21,00 |

Total Profit / (Loss) on Disposal

7. DISPOSAL OF ASSETS

| (a) | Annual Budget 24 / 25 Plant and Equipment | Book Value Budget 24 / 25 | Proceeds Budget 24 / 25 | Profit Budget 24 / 25 | (Loss) Budget 22 / 23 |
|-----|---|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | Transport | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| | Caterpillar CT630B on Highway Truck P36 | 75,000 | 50,000 | - | (25,000) |
| | P100 - CAT 140M Grader - GU184 | 167,988 | 175,000 | 7,012 | - |
| | Total Disposals | 242,988 | 225,000 | 7,012 | (25,000) |
| | Total Profit / (Loss) on Disposal | | | = | (17,988) |
| (b) | Actual 22 / 23 | Book Value Actual | Proceeds Actual | Profit Actual | (Loss) Actual |
| | Plant and Equipment | 23 / 24 | 23 / 24 | 23 / 24 | 23 / 24 |
| | Transport | \$ | \$ | \$ 70.4 | \$ |
| | Roller P99 | - | 784 | 784 | |
| | Loader P76 | 13,208 | 119,223 | 106,015 | |
| | Tractor (John Deere) 2305 & Attachments | 1,000 | 4,095 | 3,095 | |
| | Utility(Mazda) BT-50 2WD Traytop P44 | 7,000 | - | | (7,000) |
| | Mazda Ute P83 | 10,000 | 10,775 | 775 | |
| | 2021 Ford Ranger | 27,745 | 30,506 | 2,761 | |
| | Total Disposals | 58,953 | 165,383 | 113,431 | (7,000) |
| | Total Profit / (Loss) on Disposal | | | = | 106,431 |
| (c) | Annual Budget 23 / 24 | Book Value Budget | Proceeds Budget | Profit Budget | (Loss) Budget |
| | Plant and Equipment | 23 / 24 | 23 / 24 | 23 / 24 | 23 / 24 |
| | Transport | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| | Loader P76 | 26,688 | 135,000 | 108,312 | - |
| | Ford Ranger Wildtrak P117 | 34,255 | 35,000 | 745 | - |
| | Toyota Hilux P113 | 34,170 | 30,000 | _ | (4,170) |
| | Total Disposals | 95,113 | 200,000 | 109,057 | (4,170) |

104,887

8. CAPITAL EXPENDITURE

(a) PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

| Land and Buildings | Budget 24 / 25 | Actual 23 / 24 | Budget 23 / 24 |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Governance | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Office Refurbishment | 400,000 | 15,644 | 80,000 |
| Upgrade Electrical Board for Command Centre | 60,000 | | |
| Law, Order and Public Safety | | | |
| Fire Shed | | 108,100 | 70,000 |
| Housing | | | |
| Lot 23 Gregory Street - Shed | 40,150 | - | = |
| Lot 45B Gregory Street - Shed | 40,150 | - | - |
| Lot 45A Gregory Street - Patio | 28,250 | - | - |
| Lot 39 Gregory Street - Patio | 28,250 | - | - |
| Lot 17 Gregory Street - Patio | 17,300 | - | - |
| Lot 51 Hatch Street - Gardens and Reticulation | 50,000 | - | - |
| Lot 45B Gregory Street - Gardens and Reticulation Lot 50 Hatch Street - Installation of Lighting and Power | 50,000 | - | - |
| to Shed | 8,000 | - | - |
| Lot 40 Gregory Street - Install Lighting and Power to | | | |
| Shed and Patio | 8,000 | - | - |
| Lot 21 Gregory Street - Installation of Power to Patio | 3,500 | - | - |
| Lot 52 Hatch Street - Concrete Path around House - | | | |
| replace paving | 25,000 | - | - |
| Lot 19 Gregory Street - Concrete Path around House - | | | |
| replace paving | 25,000 | - | - |
| Lot 53 Hatch Street - Install Retaining Wall | 20,000 | - | = |
| Lot 19 Gregory Street - Pool Fence Upgrade | 15,000 | | |
| Lot 52 Hatch Street - Patio | 15,250 | - | - |
| Lot 23 Gregory Street - Patio | 15,250 | - | - |
| Lot 45B Gregory Street House Construction CF 23/24 | 210,500 | - | - |
| Lot 51 Hatch Street - Fitout CF 23/24 | 81,000 | 162,391 | - |
| New Staff House | - | 451,033 | 630,000 |
| Internal refurbishment at L39 Gregory Street | - | 81,387 | 90,000 |
| Retaining Wall & Flooring for Lot 19 Gregory Street | - | 46,208 | 47,000 |
| New Shed & Patio at L40 Gregory Street | = | 55,490 | 60,000 |
| New Patio at L21 Gregory Street | - | 22,162 | 20,000 |
| New Shed at Lot 50 Hatch Street | - | 42,097 | 50,000 |
| Land Purchase - Staff Housing | - | 10,000 | 10,000 |
| Recreation and Culture | E0 000 | | |
| Upgrade Electrical Board At Evacuation Centre Transport | 50,000 | - | - |
| Chemical Shed and Eye Wash/Shower Station | 35,000 | | |
| Economic Services | 33,000 | - | - |
| Storage Shed at Gascoyne Junction Pub and Tourist | | | |
| Park | 65,400 | - | _ |
| Total Land and Buildings | 1,291,000 | 994,512 | 1,057,000 |
| Total Zalia alia Zalianigo | 1,201,000 | 004,012 | 1,007,000 |
| Furniture and Equipment | | | |
| Governance | | | |
| Council Chambers Chairs and Infrastructure | 25,000 | - | - |
| Telephone System and ICT Upgrade | 25,000 | - | <u>.</u> |
| Furniture and Equipment | - | - | 10,000 |
| Economic Services | | F 004 | 40.000 |
| Telescope | | 5,921 | 10,000 |
| Total Furniture and Equipment | 50,000 | 5,921 | 20,000 |

| 8. | CAPITAL EXPENDITURE (Continued) | Budget 24 / 25 | Actual 23 / 24 | Budget 23 / 24 |
|-----|--|-------------------|----------------------|---|
| (a) | PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Cont) | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| | Plant and Equipment Transport Operator Camp Grader | 90,000 585,000 | - | - |
| | Prime Mover | 250,000 | - | - |
| | Generator P72 Camp | 10,000 | - - | - - |
| | Generator WM Camp | 10,000 | - | _ |
| | Fuel Tank Cobra Diary Creek | 15,000 | - | - |
| | New Loader 966 | - | 501,709 | 500,000 |
| | CEO Vehicle | - | 79,606 | 78,795 |
| | WMGR Vehicle | - | 70,196 | 71,555 |
| | TMS Vehicle | - | 63,599 | 64,345 |
| | Works Caravan | - | 52,749 | 82,727 |
| | Forklift New Congretor for Works Cores | - | 36,792 | 36,000 |
| | New Generator for Works Camp | | 11,045 | 15,000 |
| | Total Plant and Equipment | 960,000 | 815,697 | 848,422 |
| | Total Property, Plant and Equipment | 2,301,000 | 1,816,129 | 1,925,422 |
| | = | 2,001,000 | 1,010,120 | .,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, |
| (b) | INFRASTRUCTURE | | | |
| | | Budget | Actual | Budget |
| | Infrastructure - Roads | 24 / 25 | 23 / 24 | 23 / 24 |
| | Transport | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| | Indigenous Access Road - Landor Mt Augustus CF | | | |
| | 23/24 | 140,985 | 146,376 | - |
| | Indigenous Access Road - Landor Mt Augustus 24/25 | 200,000 | - | - |
| | Signage 24/25 Grids 24/25 | 60,000 60,000 | - | - |
| | State Initiative Program - Landor Meekatharra Road CF | - | 4,077,690 | 4,500,000 |
| | State Initiative Program - Carnarvon Mullewa Road | 5,015,729 | -,077,000 | -,000,000 |
| | RRG/LRCI Landor Mt Augustus Road 24/25 | 580,340 | - | - |
| | RRG/LRCI Landor Meekatharra Road 24/25 | 580,340 | - | - |
| | R2R Carnarvon Mullewa Road Project 24/25 | 1,034,958 | - | - |
| | 33 River Crossing Floodway Reconstruction | 180,000 | - | - |
| | Road Resealing Program - Various 24/25 | 500,000 | - | - |
| | Bore Findings X 3 | 100,000 | - | - |
| | River Level Gauge at Landor | 20,000 | - 2 247 020 | - 0 272 400 |
| | State Initiative Program - Carnarvon/Mullewa Upgrade R2R - Bitumen Reseals | - | 2,217,930 319,474 | 2,372,488 |
| | | - | 319,474 | |
| | Bridges Renewal Program - Concrete Crossing: | | | |
| | Dalgety/Landor Brook | - | 1,767,690 | 1,818,327 |
| | RRG - Ullawarra Resheets | - | 552,349 | 536,665 |
| | RRG - Cobra/Dairy Creek Resheets R2R - Pimbee Resheet | <u>-</u> | 691,116 496,366 | 536,665 456,046 |
| | Landor/Mount Augustus - Indigenous Access Road | - | 490,300 | 340,000 |
| | LRCI - Bitumen Reseals | = | - - | 312,000 |
| | Signage | - | - | 120,000 |
| | Grids | - | - | 60,000 |
| | Gascoyne River Bridge Project | - | (6,171) | |
| | Footpath Construction | | <u> </u> | 100,000 |
| | Total Roads | 8,472,352 | 10,262,819 | 11,152,191 |

8. CAPITAL EXPENDITURE (Continued)

| Infrastructure - Footpaths Transport Footpath Plan - Hatch Street Total Footpaths | \$ 150,000 | \$ | \$ |
|---|----------------------|------------|------------|
| Footpath Plan - Hatch Street | 150 000 | | Ψ |
| • | 150 000 | | |
| Total Footpaths | .55,555 | | - |
| | 150,000 | - | - |
| Infrastructure - Other | | | |
| Law, Order and Public Safety | | | |
| New Water Tank | - | 10,949 | 15,085 |
| Community Amenities | | | |
| Fence New Rubbish Tip Reserve | 100,000 | - | - |
| Rehabilitate Old Rubbish Tip Reserve | 20,000 | - | - |
| Reverse Osmosis Plant | 1,000,000 | - | - |
| Evaporation Pond at new tip for Water Treatment Plant | 240,000 | - | - |
| Evaporation Pond/Trenches for Sullage Waste | 60,000 | - | - |
| Rubbish Tip Infrastructure | - | - | 75,000 |
| Recreation and Culture | | | |
| Concrete pad between Dongas for Outdoor Gym Area | 40,000 | - | - |
| Install Power Outlets for Two Rivers Memorial Park | 10,000 | - | - |
| Oval Renovation Part Two | 50,000 | - | - |
| Museum Upgrade | 30,000 | - | - |
| Telescope and Concrete Viewing Pad | 15,000 | - | - |
| Water Hole Access Ramp | 100,000 | - | 50,000 |
| Upgrade River Pumps and Infrastructure | 60,000 | - | 624,873 |
| Two Rivers Memorial Park | - | 23,863 | 93,000 |
| Oval Refurbishment | - | 23,993 | 30,000 |
| Transport | | | |
| Depot Infrastructure | - | 59,334 | 52,000 |
| Economic Services | | | |
| Tourist Stop | - | 28,126 | 35,000 |
| EV Charging Station | - | 16003.91 | 22,753 |
| Total Other Infrastructure | 1,725,000 | 162,269 | 997,711 |
| Total Infrastructure | 10.347.352 | 10.425.088 | 12.149.902 |

9. INFORMATION ON BORROWINGS

(a) Debenture Repayments

(i) Loan 29 Staff Housing

| Budget 24 / 25 | Actual 23 / 24 | Budget 23 / 24 |
|----------------------------|---|--|
| \$ | \$ | \$ |
| 136,392 | 172,829 | 172,827 |
| (37,534) | (36,437) | (36,437) |
| 98,858 | 136,392 | 136,390 |
| (4,592) (4,592) | (5,459) (5,459) | (4,897) (4,897) |
| | 24 / 25 \$ 136,392 (37,534) 98,858 (4,592) | 24 / 25 23 / 24 \$ \$ 136,392 172,829 (37,534) (36,437) 98,858 136,392 (4,592) (5,459) |

(ii) Loan 28 Tourism Precinct

| | Budget 24 / 25 | Actual 23 / 24 | Budget 23 / 24 |
|--------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Economic Services | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Opening Balance | 293,185 | 343,564 | 343,566 |
| Principal Payment | (52,949) | (50,379) | (50,379) |
| Principal Outstanding | 240,236 | 293,185 | 293,187 |
| Finance Cost Payment | (16,104) | (17,885) | (23,189) |
| Total Finance Cost | (16,104) | (17,885) | (23,189) |

(ii) Loan 30 Staff Housing

| | 24 / 25 | 23 / 24 | 23 / 24 |
|---|----------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|
| Housing | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Opening Balance | 298,020 | 342,033 | 342,033 |
| Principal Payment | (44,493) | (44,013) | (44,013) |
| Principal Outstanding | 253,527 | 298,020 | 298,020 |
| Finance Cost Payment Total Finance Cost | (5,079) (5,079) | (4,781) (4,781) | (3,600) (3,600) |

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(iii) Loan 31 Staff Housing

| | Budget 24 / 25 | Actual 23 / 24 | Budget 23 / 24 |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Housing | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Opening Balance | 575,550 | = | - |
| Proceeds from Borrowing | - | 600,000 | 600,000 |
| Principal Payment | (50,450) | (24,450) | (24,450) |
| Principal Outstanding | 525,100 | 575,550 | 575,550 |
| Finance Cost Payment | (27,413) | (17,794) | (12,598) |
| Total Finance Cost | (27,413) | (17,794) | (12,598) |
| Total Proceeds from Borrowing | - | 600,000 | 600,000 |
| Total Principal Repayments | (185,426) | (155,279) | (155,279) |
| Total Finance Cost | (53,188) | (45,919) | (44,284) |
| | | | |

(b) Unspent Borrowings

The Shire had unspent borrowing funds of \$158,896 as at 30th June 2024. It is not expected to have unspent borrowing funds as at 30th June 2025.

(c) Overdraft Facility

The Shire holds an overdraft facility with the Commonwealth Bank for \$4,200,000. The current interest rate on the facility is 10.78% per annum.

10. CASH BACKED RESERVES

| | 2024/25 | 2024/25 | 2024/25 | 2024/25 | 2024/25 | 2023/24 | 2023/24 | 2023/24 | 2023/24 | 2023/24 | 2023/24 | 2023/24 | 2023/24 | 2023/24 | 2023/24 |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| | Budget Opening | Budget Transfers | Budget Interest | Budget Transfer | Budget Closing | Actual Opening | Actual Transfers | Actual Interest | Actual Transfer | Actual Closing | Budget Opening | Budget Transfers | Budget Interest | Budget Transfer | Budget Closing |
| | Balance | (from) | Received | to | Balance | Balance | (from) | Received | to | Balance | Balance | (from) | Received | to | Balance |
| Restricted by council | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Plant Replacement Reserve | 434,933 | - | 9,598 | 90,402 | 534,933 | 512,507 | (91,092) | 13,518 | - | 434,933 | 512,507 | (91,092) | 1,085 | - | 422,500 |
| Airport Reserve | 42,219 | =. | 927 | 99,073 | 142,219 | 41,134 | - | 1,085 | - | 42,219 | 41,134 | =. | 55 | - | 41,189 |
| Leave Reserve | 82,011 | =. | 1,800 | 118,222 | 202,033 | 79,902 | - | 2,109 | - | 82,011 | 79,902 | =. | 131 | - | 80,033 |
| Tourism Precinct Reserve | 86,693 | - | 1,903 | 98,097 | 186,693 | 84,461 | - | 2,232 | - | 86,693 | 84,461 | - | 124 | - | 84,585 |
| Building Reserve | 186,324 | (81,000) | 2,393 | 397,607 | 505,324 | 348,275 | (168,447) | 6,496 | - | 186,324 | 348,275 | - | 327 | - | 348,602 |
| Works Reserve | 163,985 | - | 3,705 | 146,295 | 313,985 | 245,149 | (90,315) | 9,151 | | 163,985 | 245,149 | - | 171 | - | 245,320 |
| Roads Flood Damage Reserve | 157,289 | - | 3,453 | 20,649 | 181,391 | 153,245 | - | 4,044 | - | 157,289 | 153,245 | - | 205 | - | 153,450 |
| Bridge Maintenance | 120,259 | (20,000) | 2,712 | 22,288 | 125,259 | 93,787 | - | 2,472 | 24,000 | 120,259 | 93,787 | - | 91 | 24,000 | 117,878 |
| Economic Development | 475,571 | - | 10,178 | 139,822 | 625,571 | 463,346 | - | 12,225 | - | 475,571 | 463,346 | - | 811 | - | 464,157 |
| Sealed Road Sealing Reserve | 77,807 | - | 3,331 | 12,868 | 94,006 | _ | - | = | 77,807 | 77,807 | | - | - | 50,000 | 50,000 |
| Total Reserves | 1,827,091 | (101,000) | 40,000 | 1,145,323 | 2,911,414 | 2,021,806 | (349,854) | 53,332 | 101,807 | 1,827,091 | 2,021,805 | (91,092) | 3,000 | 74,000 | 2,007,713 |

Reserve Accounts - Purposes

In accordance with council resolutions in relation to each reserve account, the purpose for which the reserves are set aside are as follows:

| Reserve Name | Purpose |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Plant Replacement Reserve | to be used to be used for the purchase of major plant and also to fund major mechanical breakdowns |
| Airport Reserve | to fund the resealing of the Gascoyne Junction Airport |
| Leave Reserve | to be used to fund annual and long service leave requirements |
| Tourism Precinct Reserve | to be used for future significant repairs or upgrades on an as required basis |
| Building Reserve | to be used for new buildings, future repairs or upgrades on an as required basis (excluding the Tourism Precinct) |
| Works Reserve | to be used to support funding of major infrastructure projects |
| Roads Flood Damage Reserve | to be used towards the required Shire contribution for Western Australia Natural Disaster Relief funding |
| Bridge Maintenance Reserve | to be used for repairs and maintenance of Kilili Bridge as required |
| Economic Development | to set aside funds for economic development initiatives |
| Sealed Road Resealing Reserve | to set aside funds for the resealing of the Shire's sealed road network |

The reserves are not expected to be used within a set timeframe and further transfers to and from the reserve accounts are expected as funds are utilised

11. NOTES TO THE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

The statement of cash flows includes cash and cash equivalents net of outstanding overdrafts. The estimated cash at reporting date is as follows:

(a) Reconciliation of Cash

| | Budget 24 / 25 | Actual 23 / 24 | Budget 23 / 24 |
|--|-------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Cash at bank and on hand | 3,640,371 | 9,924,383 | 2,402,895 |
| Bank Overdraft | - | - | - |
| Total Cash on Hand | 3,640,371 | 9,924,383 | 2,402,895 |
| Held as | | | |
| - Unrestricted cash and cash equivalents | 728,957 | 8,097,291 | 395,182 |
| - Restricted cash and cash equivalents | 2,911,414 | 1,827,091 | 2,007,713 |
| | 3.640.371 | 9.924.382 | 2.402.895 |

Restrictions

The following include the cash balances restricted by regulation or other externally imposed requirement:

| -Cash and cash equivalents | 2,911,414 | 1,827,091 | 2,007,713 |
|----------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Total Restricted Cash | 2,911,414 | 1,827,091 | 2,007,713 |

The restricted assets are a result of the following specific purposes to which the asset may be used:

Reserves - cash/financial asset backed

Unspent non-operating grants, subsidies and contribution liabilities

(b) Reconciliation of Net Cash from Operating

| Activities to Net Res |
|-----------------------|
|-----------------------|

| Net Result | 2,423,280 | 10,648,521 | 5,383,752 |
|---|-------------|-------------|--------------|
| Depreciation | 3,883,498 | 3,565,259 | 3,430,570 |
| (Profit) on Sale of Asset | (7,012) | (113,431) | (109,057) |
| Adjustments to fair value of financial assets at fair value | | | |
| through profit and loss | | - | |
| Loss on Sale of Asset | 25,000 | 7,000 | 4,170 |
| (Increase) / Decrease in Receivables | - | 88,271 | - |
| (Increase) / Decrease in Contract Assets | - | 145,672 | |
| (Increase) / Decrease in Inventories | - | (3,712) | - |
| Increase / (Decrease) in Payables | - | (469,102) | - |
| Increase / (Decrease) in Contract Liabilities | - | 556,269 | |
| Increase / (Decrease) in Employee Provisions | - | - | - |
| Non-operating Grants, Subsidies and Contributions | (8,150,771) | (9,679,389) | (11,263,836) |
| Net Cash from Operating Activities | (1,826,005) | 4,745,358 | (2,554,401) |

(c) Undrawn Borrowing Facilities

| Credit Standby Arrangements | | | |
|---|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Bank Overdraft Limit | 4,200,000 | 4,200,000 | 3,500,000 |
| Bank Overdraft at Balance Date | - | - | - |
| WA Treasury Short Term Lending Facility Limit | - | - | 3,000,000 |
| WA Treasury Short Term Lending Facility Balance at Balance Date | - | - | - |
| Credit Card Limit | 10,000 | 10,000 | 10,000 |
| Credit Card Balance at Balance Date | - | (4,199) | - |
| Total Amount of Credit Unused | 4,210,000 | 4,205,801 | 6.510.000 |
| Loan Facilities | | | |
| Loan Facilities in use at Balance Date | 1,117,721 | 1,303,147 | 1.303.147 |
| Unused Loan Facilities at Balance Date | 4,200,000 | 4,200,000 | 3,500,000 |
| | | | |

12. NET CURRENT ASSETS

Composition of Estimated Net Current Assets

| | | Budget 24 / 25 | Actual 23 / 24 | Budget 23 / 24 |
|---|-------|-------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| Current Assets | Note | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Cash - Unrestricted | 11(a) | 728,957 | 8,097,291 | 395,182 |
| Cash - Restricted Reserves | 10 | 2,911,414 | 1,827,091 | 2,007,713 |
| Receivables | | 281,914 | 281,914 | 370,182 |
| Contract Assets | | 1,018,225 | 1,018,225 | 1,163,897 |
| Inventories | _ | 222,507 | 222,507 | 138,767 |
| Total Current Assets | - | 5,163,017 | 11,447,028 | 4,075,741 |
| Current Liabilities | | | | |
| Trade and Other Payables | | 30,783 | 30,783 | (335,889) |
| Deposits and Bonds | | (50,180) | (50,180) | (50,641) |
| Revenue Received in Advance | | - | - | - |
| Contract Liabilities | | (2,104,876) | (2,104,876) | (1,548,607) |
| Bank Overdraft | | - | - | - |
| Lease Liability | | - | (6,685) | (3,369) |
| Short Term Borrowings | 9(a) | (191,887) | (184,946) | (185,426) |
| Provisions | _ | (240,601) | (240,601) | (240,601) |
| Total Current Liabilities | - | (2,556,761) | (2,556,505) | (2,364,533) |
| Net Current Funding Position | - | 2.606.256 | 8.890.523 | 1.711.208 |
| . | = | | | |
| Cash - Restricted Reserves | 10 | (2,911,414) | (1,827,091) | (2,007,713) |
| Less: Land Held for Resale | | (2,500) | (2,500) | (2,500) |
| Less: Current Portion of Unspent Borrowings | | - | (158,896) | - |
| Add: Current Portion of Debentures | | 191,887 | 184,946 | 185,426 |
| Add: Current Portion of Lease Liability | | <u>-</u> | 6,685 | 3,369 |
| Add: Movement in Employee Leave Reserve | 40 | 34,065 | 34,066 | 30,177 |
| Add: Liabilities Related to Restricted Assets | 10 | 81,706 | 81,706 | 80,033 |
| Estimated Surplus / (Deficit) C/FWD | = | | 7.209.439 | 0 |

The estimated surplus/(deficit) c/fwd in the 2023/24 budget column represents the surplus/(deficit) carried forward as at 30 June 2024.

13. TRUST FUNDS

The Shire has no control over funds held in Trust and therefore not included in the financial statements.

| | Opening Balance 01 Jul 24 | Estimated Amounts Received | Estimated Amounts Paid | Closing Balance 30 Jun 25 |
|-------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Description | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Total Trust Funds | - | - | - | <u> </u> |

14. MAJOR LAND TRANSACTIONS

The Shire does not anticipate any major land transactions in the 24/25 financial year

15. TRADING UNDERTAKINGS AND MAJOR TRADING UNDERTAKINGS

The Shire does not anticipate any trading undertakings or major trading undertakings in the 24/25 financial year

16. JOINT VENTURE ARRANGEMENTS

The Shire is not involved or expected to be involved in any joint venture arrangements in the 24/25 financial year

17. LEASE LIABILITIES

| Purpose Lease Number | r Institution | Lease Interest Rate | Lease Term | Budget Lease Principal 1 July 2024 | • | Lease Principal | Budget Lease Principal Outstanding 30 June 2025 | | Budget Lease Principal 1 July 2023 | • | Lease Principal | Budget Lease Principal Outstanding 30 June 2024 | Lease Interest | Actual Principal 1 July 2023 | New | 2023/24 Actual Lease Principal Repayments | Actual Lease Principal Outstanding 30 June 2024 | 2023/24 Actual Lease Interest Repayments |
|-----------------------|------------------|---------------------------|---------------|--|---|--------------------|--|---|--|---|--------------------|--|-------------------|---------------------------------------|-----|--|--|---|
| Transport Diesel Tank | Refuel Australia | 1.09% | 3 Years | - | - | - | - | - | 10,054 | - | (6,685) | 3,369 | (76) | - | - | - | - | - |

18. PROGRAM INFORMATION

| 18. PROGRAM INFORMATION | Budget 24 / 25 | Actual 23 / 24 | Budget 23 / 24 |
|--|-------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| Income excluding grants, subsidies and contributions | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Governance | 1,000 | 6,039 | 112,000 |
| General Purpose Funding | 2,235,580 | 1,957,219 | 1,631,497 |
| Law, Order, Public Safety | 12,625 | 13,170 | 14,307 |
| Health | 500 | 650 | 1,250 |
| Education and Welfare | 40,695 | 93,563 | 70,476 |
| Community Amenities | 11,850 | 6,320 | 10,760 |
| Recreation and Culture | 17,750 | 24,203 | 17,100 |
| Transport | 35,000 | 162,652 | 176,522 |
| Economic Services | 93,969 | 77,920 | 92,098 |
| Other Property and Services | - | 33,333 | 10,890 |
| | 2,448,969 | 2,375,068 | 2,136,900 |
| Operating grants, subsidies and contributions | | | |
| General Purpose Funding | 641,720 | 5,369,511 | 156,271 |
| Law, Order, Public Safety | 29,213 | 21,774 | 22,133 |
| Education and Welfare | 106,500 | 50,500 | 105,000 |
| Recreation and Culture | 5,000 | - | 25,000 |
| Transport | 12,118,984 | 2,625,646 | 11,391,047 |
| Economic Services | 109,038 | 22,636 | 20,000 |
| Other Property and Services | 50,000 | 54,992 | 50,000 |
| | 13,060,455 | 8,145,059 | 11,769,451 |
| Capital grants, subsidies and contributions | | | |
| Governance | - | - | 37,148 |
| Law, Order, Public Safety | - | 108,100 | 70,000 |
| Recreation and Culture | 624,873 | - | 624,873 |
| Transport | 7,525,898 | 9,563,225 | 10,519,998 |
| Economic Services | 0.450.774 | 8,064 | 11,817 |
| | 8,150,771 | 9,679,389 | 11,263,836 |
| Total Income | 23,660,195 | 20,199,516 | 25,170,187 |
| Evenese | | | |
| Expenses Governance | (724,288) | (476,189) | (785,506) |
| General Purpose Funding | (139,996) | (168,697) | (233,409) |
| Law, Order, Public Safety | (134,592) | (132,187) | (127,171) |
| Health | (28,400) | (18,206) | (22,955) |
| Education and Welfare | (746,807) | (386,500) | (595,340) |
| Housing | (473,959) | (487,556) | (473,864) |
| Community Amenities | (191,243) | (87,529) | (139,969) |
| Recreation and Culture | (631,580) | (521,552) | (472,283) |
| Transport | (16,918,286) | (6,539,604) | (15,844,214) |
| Economic Services | (1,197,764) | (654,276) | (1,037,957) |
| Other Property and Services | (50,000) | (78,698) | (53,767) |
| Cate Topoty and Corrioso | (21,236,915) | (9,550,995) | (19,786,435) |
| Net Result for the period | 2,423,280 | 10,648,521 | 5,383,752 |